### PRESCRIPTION MONOGRAPH

**Compounded Active Ingredients:** Pregnenolone **Form:** Oral Capsule

## **Drug Class:**

Endogenous steroid precursor (neurosteroid); the first product of cholesterol side-chain cleavage by CYP11A1 (P450scc) and a precursor to progesterone, DHEA, glucocorticoids, and sex steroids.

### Mechanism of Action1:

Pregnenolone is intended to:

- Drive hormone production by converting into progesterone, cortisol, DHEA, testosterone, and estrogens to direct fuel the body's steroid hormone pathways.
- Activate brain signaling to enhance excitatory NMDA activity and modulate GABAA inhibition supporting memory, alertness, and balanced mood.
- Support neuron protection by promoting synaptic plasticity and reducing neuroinflammation contributing to potential neuroprotective effects.
- Balance stress response by providing substrate for cortisol synthesis helping to regulate stress and immune function.

# **Indications Commonly Prescribed for:**

- Adjunctive hormone support: Occasionally compounded into bioidentical HRT regimens as a
  precursor steroid intended to support downstream production of progesterone, DHEA, and
  estrogens.
- Cognitive and mood support: Sometimes compounded for patients with age-related cognitive complaints, fatigue, or mood instability, based on its role as a neurosteroid.

**Before Use:** Let your health care provider know if you have any medication allergies before you take this compounded preparation. Let your health care provider know if you have any liver or kidney problems. Let your healthcare provider know of all supplements you are currently taking.

## **Contraindications:**

- Known hypersensitivity to pregnenolone or product excipients.
- Hormone-sensitive conditions (caution/avoid): Given conversion to downstream sex steroids, avoid or exercise caution in active hormone-dependent cancers unless directed by a specialist.

Cautions: Let your Healthcare provider know if you experience any adverse side effects.

**How to Use**: This compounded preparation is in the form of an oral capsule. Swallow the capsule whole with a glass of water. Do not chew or crush the capsule. If you miss a dose, take as soon as you remember, but not at the time for the next dose. Desired results may take up to several weeks.

# PRESCRIPTION MONOGRAPH

## **Warnings and Precautions:**

- Hormone conversion variability: Pregnenolone metabolism is inconsistent among individuals and may lead to unpredictable hormone levels.
- Neuropsychiatric effects: Through neurosteroid pathways (e.g., NMDA/GABA<sub>4</sub>modulation), may affect sleep, mood, or cognition—use caution in patients with unstable psychiatric illness.
- Monitor in cardiovascular/metabolic risk patients: can affect lipid profiles and insulin sensitivity.

#### **Adverse Reactions:**

• Insomnia, agitation/activation, dizziness, acne or oily skin, GI upset

#### Interactions:

- Pharmacodynamic: May counteract or augment effects of other CNS-active agents.
- Endocrine: Because pregnenolone is a precursor to multiple steroids, concurrent use with exogenous hormones could have additive hormonal effects; take care in patients on HRT, androgens, or anti-estrogen therapies.
- Metabolism: Specific CYP-mediated interaction data are limited; downstream conversions involve classic steroidogenic enzymes rather than hepatic CYP metabolism for pregnenolone itself.

# **Use in Specific Populations:**

- Pregnancy & lactation: avoid unless under specialist direction.
- Pediatrics: Insufficient evidence; avoid routine use.
- Hepatic disease: Use caution (steroid metabolism occurs in liver)

# Storage:

- Store in original container at room temperature (up to 30°C or 86°F)
- Store in a cool dry place away from heat, sunlight, and moisture

# **Monitoring Parameters:**

- Clinical: Target-specific symptom scales (e.g., MADRS/HAM-D for depression, SANS/NSA-16 for schizophrenia); sleep, agitation, acne/androgenic effects.
- Laboratory (selected cases): Consider baseline and periodic sex-steroid panel (testosterone, estradiol, progesterone, SHBG) in prolonged/higher-dose use or in patients with hormonesensitive risks.

### Citations:

1. Lin YC, Cheung G, Porter E, Papadopoulos V. The neurosteroid pregnenolone is synthesized by a mitochondrial P450 enzyme other than CYP11A1 in human glial cells. J Biol Chem. 2022;298(7):102110. doi:10.1016/j.jbc.2022.102110